

OUR MINING INDUSTRIES.

Lead Zinc and Spar in Crittenden and Livingston Counties, Spar in the Industrial World.

It is a fact not generally known that a lead, zinc, and fluor spar field of wonderful possibilities is being quietly, but rapidly developed in Crittenden and Livingston counties, Ky., and just across the Ohio river in Hardin county, Ill. Although the territory embraced is not known to be so extensive as the Joplin, Mo., field, yet the ores now being mined are much richer than any taken from Joplin, and it is doubtful if nature ever offered the investor or prospector a more peculiar or enticing proposition than is presented in this section. In fact, these three counties constitute a mineral district peculiar to itself, and of which there is no counterpart in America.

The mineral bearing rock of this field is the blue or dove colored limestone, and is of the same geological age and nature as the rich deposits of Joplin and Granby in southwest Missouri; but in the Joplin district the ore is found in stratified or horizontal beds, like coal seams, while here it is found in large vertical fissure veins, which run parallel with, and cross each other, and intricately ramify the whole district. These veins are easily traced for miles by their surface croppings, affording "pay dirt" at the top, and in all shafts opened on them the ores taken out have paid the expense of sinking.

While this Kentucky district differs in the nature of its veins and lodes from all other fields in America, yet it closely resembles the great lead and zinc belts of England, especially the mines of Cardigan, and in the Montgomery shire, where the veins have linear extent of several miles, and show strong seams of fluor spar.

The existence of lead and zinc here has been known for years, and sporadic attempts have been made to open up the field but no systematic prospecting was ever done until about two years ago, when capitalists began to mine for fluor spar on a large scale. This deeper mining has demonstrated the presence of lead and zinc in association with fluor spar in unlimited quantity, and throughout the whole district. The veins vary in width from five to twenty feet, and from wall to wall are filled with lead, zinc, and fluor spar.

Average assays of the veins show them to carry 40 per cent. zinc, 25 per cent. lead, and 34 per cent. fluor spar. All these minerals having a ready market, there is, therefore, no waste or refuse product taken from the mines. At present market prices, the average ton of ore taken from these mines is \$22, while in the Joplin district it is less than \$3. In that district less than 10 per cent. of the mine out put is lead and zinc; the remaining 90 per cent. being tift and limestone, and being worthless goes into the dump pile.

The above figures explain why mining has become the chief industry in this section; and a purchase two months ago, of one hundred acres nine miles from Marion

for \$750, and its sale two weeks since for \$6000 cash, illustrates the confidence capital has in these properties. Work was begun on this land immediately after the sale, and sufficient pay ore has been taken from the shaft every day to cover all expense.

The Fluor Spar Co., of Marion, Ky., Kentucky Fluor Spar Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., operating near Marion, John R. McClain Co., Rosi Clair, Ill., The Eagle Spar Co., of Wheeling, W. V., The Western Tube Co., of Kewanee, Ill., The Consolidated Oil and Gas Co., of Canton, O., operating near Salem, all corporations of ample capital, are hurrying developments on their properties, and securing suitable machinery for handling the ores. The Eagle Co., operating twelve miles from Marion, has its mill nearly completed, and within thirty days will begin crushing and separating ore, of which it already had several thousand tons mined. A few days ago some Louisville parties acquired the Columbia lands, five miles from Marion, consisting of 1000 acres, and now have a large force of men working day and night opening up mines. This property is generally recognized as the best in the territory.

Notable, for more than local reasons, is the fact that until this field was opened up this country drew its entire supply of fluor spar from Germany and England, for it is found commercially in the United States only in this locality.

Today all the fluor spar consumed in America, except on the Atlantic coast, is shipped from Marion, Ky., and Rosi Clair, Ill., on the Ohio river. Foreign spar, although inferior in quality, is still sold extensively in seaboard cities, where it is imported as ballast, and admitted free of duty, selling for \$7, per ton. Since freight rates from Marion to New York amount to nearly that sum, domestic spar is denied that market.

Fluor spar or fluoride of calcium is one of the rare occurrences of fluoride compounds in nature, and is used in the manufacture of hydrofluoric acid, and opalescent glass. It is also largely used by enamblers, and in potteries. However it is most valuable as a flux in iron smelting, and in that respect the following extract from the "Age of Steel," fully explains its advantages.

INCREASING USE OF FLUOR SPAR IN METALLURGICAL WORK.

Some time ago Dr. Foehr, a noted German chemist and metallurgist, called attention in an article in the "Chemical Zeitung," to the growing tendency to return to the use of fluor spar as a flux in metallurgical operations. He stated that until the beginning of this century fluor spar was considered indispensable, but was replaced to a large extent by limestone, on account of its being apparently much cheaper. The two fluxes, however, are so different in their action, even when accomplishing some-

what similar results, that no comparison is just when based merely on the relative price per ton.

In the United States fluor spar has probably never been used to the same extent as in England and on the continent, and for this two reasons may be assigned: the lack of information as to its value and the proper manner of using it to obtain good results, and the uncertainty of the supply. This latter cause no longer exists, as extensive and more workable deposits have lately been opened up.

The use of fluor spar in metallurgical work may be considered under four heads: (1) In the Blast Furnace, especially for the products of ferro-silicon and ferro-manganese; (2) In Open-Hearth Steel furnace, especially with the basic process, to make more fluid the slag, to help carry off phosphorus, and to reduce the sulphur; (3) In the Foundry cupola, to make iron more fluid, permit the use of greater quantities of the lower grades and of scrap and to reduce impurities; (4) In Crucibles in Brass Foundries with the most astonishing results.

In the blast furnace, the smelting of very refractory ores is almost impossible without fluor spar. Dr. Foehr, who has already been quoted, claims that One part of Fluor Spar goes further than Ten parts of limestone.

The demand for fluor spar is rapidly increasing, and the supply is inexhaustible, although limited in America to these three counties.

Another peculiarity of this territory, and one that is instantly noted by every engineer, and investor coming here, is the presence in working quantities of three essentials to iron and steel making, viz: Coking coal, iron ore, and flux or fluor spar. The coal is in the famous Bell or Tradewater, lying ten miles east of Marion, and extensively produced from numerous mines on a vein from four to five feet in thickness. Ten miles southwest of Marion is a belt of brown hematite iron ore, extending through Crittenden, Livingston and Lyon counties, and around Grand Rivers.

The location of all these raw materials is such close proximity, and in unlimited quantities, traversed by the Illinois Central railroad, and the Ohio and Cumberland rivers, shows at a glance the wonderful possibilities of this field. There is singular, and probably fortunate lack of speculative stock companies. Every company now here seems satisfied with its property, and instead of desiring to sell is purchasing more, and none of it is permitted to remain dormant. Future developments bid fair to make it the richest mining and industrial belt in America.

C. S. NUNN.

TEMPERANCE ADDRESS.

The Inter-Denominational Anti-Saloon League Sends a Speaker Here.

Mr. J. M. Likens, who represents the inter-denominational Anti-saloon League, will lecture at the O. P. church in Marion on Thursday evening, June 21, at 8 o'clock. Miss Jennie Tharp, of Muncie, Ind., accompanies the speaker and will furnish music for the occasion; she is said to be a very fine singer. The lecture is free and everybody is invited.

A yellow, jaundiced skin is a symptom of disordered liver, as it springs from biliary poisons retained in the blood, which destroy energy, cheerfulness, strength, vigor, happiness and life. HERBINE will restore the natural functions of the liver. Price 50 cents at J. H. Orville's Drugstore, Louisville, Ky.

SCHOOL CENSUS,

Of the County by Districts, as Reported to the County Superintendent

No	Name	No Pupils
1	Dyersburg	167
2	Dona	61
3	Caldwell Springs	97
4	Cockseyville	81
5	Frances	95
6	Boys	132
7	Irma	60
8	White Hall	68
9	New Salem	45
10	Owen	70
11	Silham	64
12	Union	55
13	Pleasant Grove	83
14	Deer Creek	79
15	Rose Dale	73
16	Barnett	100
17	Tolu	143
18	Colon	100
19	Glendale	78
20	Blooming Rose	49
21	Chapel Hill	81
22	Osbo's Chapel	62
23	Forest Grove	81
24	Oak Grove	59
25	Crooked Creek	63
26	Heath	63
27	Marion	390
28	Piney Fork	55
29	Post Oak	45
30	Oakland	45
31	Weston	71
32	Greens Chapel	45
33	Bells Mines	81
34	Dempsey	45
35	Baker	82
36	Hoods Creek	67
37	Sugar Grove	45
38	Blowing Springs	100
39	Epon	67
40	Hoods	100
41	Lamb	55
42	Olive Branch	52
43	Crider	45
44	Copperas Springs	45
45	Stony Point	45
46	Lily Dale	77
47	Lone Star	74
48	Midway	70
49	Simulamy	60
50	Simulamy	60
51	Simulamy	60
52	Simulamy	60
53	Hebron	100
54	Shady Grove	102
55	Caney Fork	45
56	Applegate	78
57	Jackson	82
58	Fords Ferry	45
59	Goss Springs	45
60	Bethel	58
61	Moore's	45
62	Childress	48
63	Grimes	57
64	Freedom	64
65	Red Top	62
66	Craynville	90
67	Ditney	65
68	Total	6005

COLOR DISTRICTS.

A	Tolu	61
B		23
C		22
D	Marion	127
E	Dyersburg	25
F	Piney Fork	23
G		29
H		24
I		24
Total		334

MORE MONEY

For Kentucky Postmasters—Readjustment of Salaries Completed by the Department.

Washington, June 14.—The annual readjustment of postmasters' salaries has been completed by First Assistant Postmaster General Heath.

By the arrangement, the Mayfield postoffice has been advanced from the third to the second class. Increases of \$200 a year have been made in the salaries of the postmasters at Paducah, Frankfort, Fulton and Ludlow.

Increases of \$100 a year have been made in the salaries of postmasters at the following places: Ashland, Campbellsville, Cynthiana, Falmouth, Glasgow, Lawrenceburg, Madisonville, Murray, Maysville, Somerset, Williamsburg, Augusta, Carrollton, Earlington, Guthrie, Louisville, Marion, Midway, Owensboro, Paris, Springfield, Bardonia, Covington, Eminence, Henderson, Morgantown, Owenton, Pineville and Vandalburg.

Curiosities at Paris.

Maud Adam's statue in solid gold, worth \$200,000.

The cosmorama, showing, the earth, sun, moon and stars.

The mareorama, a mimic sea voyage taken on dry land!

An active volcano, with daily eruptions and earthquakes.

The cloud gallery, where visitors walk above the clouds.

Giant telescope that makes the moon look only a mile off.

A sea beach with salt water pumped from the ocean 125 miles away.

A trip in a shell, in which you are fired from a real mortar gun.

A fairy place under the river Seine, with mermaids and the Lorelei.

Palace in the sky, a huge house-shaped airship that rises 200 feet.

The bottom of the ocean, with a sunken ship and strange submarine life.

A Japanese temple and oriental garden, with dancing geisha girls from Tokio.

Electric ships on the river Seine that will go at the rate of fifty miles an hour.

Great "Light of Kimberly" diamond, worth \$2,000,000, Biggest in the world.

Osteopathy as a Profession.

There are many bright men and women who would like to engage in a profession that is not overcrowded and that offers some opportunity for an immediate income. The attention of all such who find themselves adapted to the life of a physician should be called to Osteopathy, as a science which is based upon an accurate knowledge of Anatomy, and as also an art. Its very large percentage of cures is gained by scientific methods which are not practiced by any other school of healing.

The practitioner of Osteopathy finds himself in possession of skill that the world is demanding, and he possesses and for several years will continue to possess, a natural monopoly of this skill. The unique nature of this skill whereby he effects cures in diseases hitherto unsuccessfully treated, and at the same time copes with equal success in diseases curable by other methods, together with the scarcity of men and women possessing the new power of healing, causes Osteopathy to rank first among the professions in respect to pecuniary remuneration.

In point of honor and honorableness, Osteopathy ranks co-equal with the other intellectual professions. From all above causes, Osteopathy is growing rapidly by the constant addition to the ranks of men and women from every walk of life, and especially from the ranks of college men and women. To these Osteopathy offers a wide-open door.

The next class opens the first of Sept. Send for a catalogue and study Osteopathy. Address, Southern School of Osteopathy, (Incorporated) Franklin, Kentucky.

EDWIN YOUNG,

VIEW, KENTUCKY.

Painter

All Kinds of Plain and Fancy Painting Promptly Done and All Work Guaranteed.

CARRIAGE and FANCY WORK A SPECIALTY.

ESTIMATES made on any kind of work.

SUMMER

DRINKS.

And some are not, if you want the

Pure,

Refreshing,

Invigorating

Cold Drinks,

Come to my fountain

The Purest

Ice-Cream

Made of the Richest Jersey Cream.

R. F. HAYNES

The Druggist.

'Phone 10.

Hughes' Tonic

Palatable.

Better than Calomel or Quinine. The Old Reliable.

Excellent General Tonic!

as well as a sure cure for

Chills and Fever

IT NEVER FAILS!

Just what you need at this season.

MILD LAXATIVE. NERVOUS SEDATIVE. SPLENDID TONIC.

Guaranteed by your Druggist. Don't take any substitute.

50c. and \$1 Bottle

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

SECRET SOCIETIES.

Bigham Lodge, No 256,
F. & A. M.
Regular meetings Saturday night before full moon in each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
J. G. GILBERT, W. M.
J. B. KEVIL, Secretary.

CRITTENDEN CHAPTER, NO. 70,
R. A. M., meets regularly Saturday night after full moon in each month.

WINGATE COUNCIL, No 35, R & S M
Regular meetings second Monday night in each month.

Blackwell Lodge
No. 57, K. P.
Meets every Friday night in K. P. Hall.
J. W. BLUE, C. C.
GEO. M. CRIDER, K. of R. and S.

Marion Lodge No 60
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights in each month, in the Masonic Hall.
Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
B. L. WILBORN, M. W.
J. C. BOURLAND, Recorder.

W. J. J. Paris, M. D
PHYSICIAN
MARION, KY.
Office over Orme's Drugstore.
Telephone No. 27.

A. C. MOORE,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
OFFICE--Rooms 3 and 4, over Marion Bank.
MARION, KY.
L. H. JAMES O. W. JAMES
James & James
LAWYERS
MARION, - - KY.

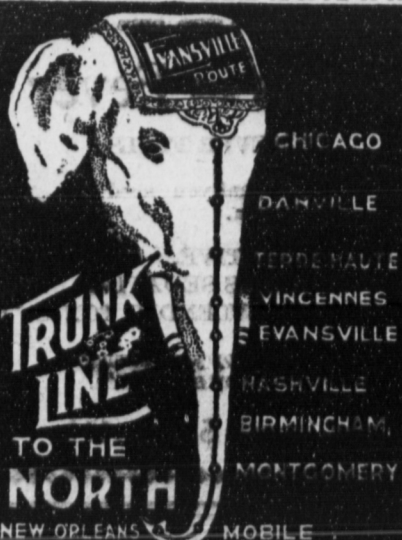
W. H. Clark,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARION, KY.
Office over Haynes' Drug Store.
*Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.

M. E. FOHS,
Merchant Tailor
MARION, KY.
Clothes Cleaned and Repaired.

J. E. HANCOCK
TINNER.

Tin Roofing, Guttering, Etc. All kinds of Repair Work, Roof Painting and Gun Repairing. All work guaranteed. Shop east Masonic building.

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TRUNK LINE
TO THE NORTH
NEW ORLEANS - MOBILE

THROUGH SERVICE
Via L. & N., E. & T. H. and C. & E. I.

2 Vestibuled Through Trains
Daily, Nashville to Chicago
Through Buffet Sleeping and Day Coaches,
New Orleans to Chicago.

7. P. JEFFRIES, G. E. A. EVANSVILLE, IND. O. R. HILLMAN, G. E. A. TERRE HAUTE, IND.

Bicycles! COLUMBIA \$60.
Hartford \$35.
Pennant \$25 to \$30.
Complete line of Bicycle Repairs.
Bargains in second-hand wheels.
C. C. TAYLOR.
At Haynes' Drugstore.

HARMONIOUS

Were the Proceedings of the Democratic State Convention.

OLLIE JAMES TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN.

Louisville, Ky., June 15—A harmonious and enthusiastic Democratic State Convention, composed of nearly 1,000 representative citizens of the Commonwealth, in one earnest day's work completed the task set before it—electing delegates to the National Convention to be held in Kansas City, selecting State electors, reorganizing the party in such a manner as to place the selection of committeemen in the hands of the voters, and adopting resolutions endorsing the Chicago platform and Bryan, and referring all State issues to the Lexington convention.

Mr. Ollie M. James, of Crittenden county, was elected temporary chairman of the convention by acclamation, and Judge Frank E. Daugherty, of Nelson, presided as permanent chairman. Mr. C. C. Roe, of Louisville, acted as secretary of the convention throughout.

The platform adopted by the convention reaffirms the Chicago platform as a whole and in part, and instructs that the twenty-six votes of Kentucky be cast for William J. Bryan in the National Democratic Convention, to be held in Kansas City on July 4. The platform denounces the National Administration and declares against militarism, imperialism and the formation of trusts. The financial legislation of the last Republican Congress and the financial policy of the National Administration were condemned. The assassination of Gov. William Goebel and the conduct of William S. Taylor in protecting the assassins of Goebel, adjourning the Legislature and denying the writ of habeas corpus, were condemned.

The platform contained no reference to State issues, though the amendment of the present election law was discussed in the committee room.

DELEGATES TO NATIONAL CONVENTION.

J. C. S. Blackburn, of Versailles.
Louis McQuown, of Bowling Green.

N. W. Utley, of Eddyville.
James P. McGregory, of Louisville.

C. W. Branford, of Owensboro.
Chas. B. Poyntz, of Maysville.
W. S. Pryor, of Henry county.
J. B. McCreary, of Richmond.

First District—R. J. Bugg, Carlisle; Felix Grasty, Trigg.

Second District—Dr. E. R. Pennington, Davis; R. B. Bradley, Hopkins.

Third District—John W. Jones, Barren; Speed Guffy, Butler.

Fourth District—Chas. Spalding, Marion; D. W. Whitman, Hart.

Fifth District—John W. Vreeland, Louisville; R. Lee Suter, Louisville.

Sixth District—R. B. Brown, Gallatin; W. Fred Miller, Campbell.

Seventh District—T. E. Moore, Bourbon; W. P. Thorne, Henry.

Eighth District—Harvey Helm, Madison; Chas. M. Lewis, Shelby.
Dr. H. Smith, Harrison; H. P. Wilson, Lewis.

Tenth District—Abe Renick, Clark; Green Meeks, Johnson.

Eleventh District—W. R. Kress, Wayne; W. Rhorer, Bell.

ELECTORS.

ELECTORS FROM STATE-AT-LARGE
Morton K. Yonts, of Muhlenberg.
N. B. Hays, of Bell.

First District—Elector, Ward Headley, Trigg; assistant, C. C. Grassham, Livingston.

Second District—Elector, A. O. Stanley, Henderson.

Third District—Elector, Edward Hobdy, Simpson.

Fourth District—Elector, J. P.

O'Meara, Hardin.
Fifth District—Elector, Daniel J. Brooks, Louisville.
Sixth District—Elector, H. M. Froman, Carroll.
Seventh District—Elector, Victor F. Bradley, Scott.
Eighth District—Elector W. J. Price, Boyle.
Ninth District—Elector, Joseph Felix, Bracken.
Tenth District—Elector, A. H. Stamper, Wolfe.
Eleventh District—Elector, John W. Collier, Pulaski.

Admiral Dewey is reported as thanking God that the people do not want him for President. He may be a good Democrat, but he is a queer sort of man to be so grateful because he is not wanted for

The most popular man among Kentucky's young Democrats is Ollie M. James. If there was anything needful to prove this, it was forthcoming in his election and reception as temporary chairman of the State convention today. At the start a strong effort was made to defeat the Crittenden man. Judge Daugherty, of Nelson county—Gov. Beckham's home—wanted the temporary chairmanship, and he wanted it pretty badly too, and the opposition to James rallied to his support until they were able to discern the relative strength of the two men, and when they discovered that James had the fight won and votes to spare, they threw up their hands as gracefully as possible, but not until they realized that it was like running up against a wall of solid masonry.

Hon. Frank M. Peak, of Oldham county, made a strong speech nominating Mr. James, and when he said that James was a man who was "brave, fearless and true to the great common people," the convention arose and applauded as one man.

Chairman Young appointed Congressman D. H. Smith, Mr. Peake and J. M. Benton, of Clark county, a committee to escort Mr. James to the chair.

Mr. James came to the platform amid loud applause. He said that he esteemed it high honor to preside over a convention composed of men who were lovers of Bryan and Goebel.

Mr. James said that he had rather sleep like poor murdered Goebel in that lonely graveyard, amid the roses and with the prayers of those that loved him, than to be a fugitive from my State, charged with murder, breathing Indiana air." This was the cause of deafening applause. The delegates stood and waved their hands, handkerchiefs and hats and yelled like mad. The cheering continued for fully a minute. Mr. James tried to proceed, but the convention stood as one man and cheered itself hoarse.

Continuing, he said: "You have accepted the challenge of the single standard—that dollar of the rich alone, that is scant and daily growing less; you have taken up labor's cause, and advocate that bright and shining silver dollar at 16 to 1 against the world and those that fight against it. (Applause.) You have accepted the challenge of trusts, combinations and monopolies, and you have taken up labor's cause, and you say to them that you shall not lower the price when the farmer has to sell and raise it when labor has to buy; and we intend to force you into that open competition that the farmer meets when he sells his grain and the laborer meets when he sells his toil. Not only that, but in this campaign the Democracy has reason to be proud because the courts of this Union from the Circuit Court of Kentucky to the Supreme Court of this nation have found the cause of Gov. Goebel and the Democracy so just that a partisan court could not overturn it. (Applause.) These advocates of civil liberty—the civil liberty they advocate is the unenvied right of every man to liberty to shoot down a Democratic candidate for office. (Applause.) The name of Gov.

bel, my friends, will live as long as law has a champion and assassination has an enemy. We want all the Democrats to come back into the fold. We want you to unite with us to redeem Kentucky. We, standing four-square to all the earth, invite you back; willing to wrestle even with you as Jacob did with the angel; but standing boldly in the forefront, we say to you that we mean to re-affirm the Chicago platform, and to nominate that giant, that master American of the century—William Jennings Bryan. (Great applause.)

A Life And Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery which wholly cured me. Hundreds have used it on my advice and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung Troubles." Regular size 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at Orme's drugstore.

Settles Railroad Debt.

Owensboro Messenger: Muhlenberg county has at last compromised its railroad debt and wiped out liabilities of \$300,000. The total indebtedness, including interest to date, amounts to over a million dollars. All the bond holders have agreed to settle at 20 cents on the dollar, in cash, and in pursuance of this the fiscal court on Monday authorized the issue of \$215,000 in 4 per cent twenty-year bonds for the purpose of taking up the old bonds, interest and costs, at the rate agreed upon.

Although Muhlenberg county has heretofore resisted the payment of these bonds, the sentiment has undergone a very decided change and now the debt settlement is universally approved.

Steady Girl Wanted.

Several young men complain that they have no steady girl. It seems that they no sooner get fairly started with a girl, probably have the theatre tickets all bought, when the girl "can't go because she has a sick headache."

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup of Pepsin cures all forms of Stomach Trouble and Sick Headache.

Girls—"A word to the wise," etc.

Your friends,

Orme and Haynes.

PRINCETON DISTRICT.

Fourth Round of the Quarterly Meetings.

Star Line Works at Pizgrh,	June 30
Cerulean Springs at Cave Spring	July 7-8
Canton at Oakland	" 14-15
Cadiz at Bethel	" 15-16
Lamasco at Lamasco	" 21-22
Eddyville at Eddyville	" 22-23
Kuttawa at Chesnut Oak	" 28-29
Grand Rivers	Aug. 1-2
Smithland at Livingston	" 4-5
Carrsville at Hampton	" 11-12
Shady Grove at Rosebud	" 18-19
Tolu at Hurricane	" 25-26
Marion at Marion	Sept. 1-2
Salem at Salem	" 8-9
Dawson at St. Charles	" 12-13
Princeton and Rock Springs	" 15-16
Greenville Circuit at Lead Hill	" 22-23
Greenville Station at Greenville	" 23-24

*Let pastors and all officials have full reports, and trustees, especially, will make a report as required by Question 27, of the Discipline.

J. W. BIGHAM, P. E.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, Washita, I. T. He writes: "Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brower of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but now her health is excellent." Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 20c. Sold by Orme, Druggist, Guaranteed.

Wonderful Eight

Cures cholera, diarrhea, Colic, cramps, lameness, sprains, lumbago, swellings, neuralgia, rheumatism and toothache. All pain, internal or external cured quicker with Morley's Wonderful Eight than any other remedy. Sold by agent in every town. Free trial bottles at Orme's.

The Christian Scientists have secured a room on the second floor of the Marshall House, and have fitted up for holding public services. The public is cordially invited to attend. Services are held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock and Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Subject for next Sunday, June 17, "Is the universe, including man, evolved by atomic force?"—Eddyville Tale.

A woman in Idaho got a divorce from her husband because he would not take her to the Paris Exposition. He testified in court that he was afraid of water and that he was afraid to get into a bath tub even, he got so sea sick. That man has indigestion just as a good many others we know and should take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Get it at J. H. Orme's or R. F. Haynes'.

Full Blooded

Bronze Turkey Eggs \$2.00 for 12
Barred Plymouth Rock Eggs... 1.00 for 15
Poland China Pigs \$10.00.
All guaranteed first class.
W. L. KENNEDY, LOLA, KY.

Wool Carding...

Marion Woolen Mills
Begins business May 1

Having thoroughly overhauled the machinery, making it practically as good as new I will ready to card wool on and after May 1. I have employed a carder of more than 20 years experience. I can do the very best work, and guarantee satisfaction. I will pay freight to machine on all shipments of 100lbs or over. Club with your neighbors and make this amount. Mark each bundle with owners name and write full particulars as to way you want carded.

PRICE: 8 cents per pound or one-fourth toll.

Mrs. May Doss.

HIGHEST GRADE OF Fine Whiskies.

E. W. TAYLOR

Next Door to Cook Hotel.

4 Year Old at \$2.00 per gallon, 50c a Quart.
Handles pure Bourbon Rye and Malt Whiskies.

LOOK HERE

Proved at Home.
Southern Mutual Invest. Co.

LEXINGTON, KY.

It affords me pleasure to acknowledge the receipt through Mr. J. R. Finley, your Special Agent, \$10.05 in satisfaction and payment of Coupon No. 22023. I bought this coupon in Sept. 1899, and have paid on it \$5.00, it has paid me 101 per cent in five months. I don't see how an investment can be better.

R. C. WALKER, Editor Crittenden Press.

The legislature of Kentucky has made it a law that all companies doing business similar to this company shall deposit \$50,000 with the State treasurer to guarantee policy holders and settlement at least once a year with the treasurer making a clear exhibit of its ability to carry out its contracts.

This is an absolute guarantee of our contracts and makes our policies the best investment on the market.

You may invest large or small sums with returns similar to the above a certainty.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION SEE

J. R. FINLEY,

Room 3, Carnahan Block.

BICYCLES! From \$25 to \$50.



Handle only the BEST MAKE of bicycles—the kind that it pays to buy. See my wheels and get my price before you buy. Complete line of Bicycle Sundries.

C. C. TAYLOR
At Haynes' Drug Store.

Auction Sale--Building Lots

AT MARION, KY.,

Friday and Saturday,
August 10 and 11.

These desirable resident lots are in east Marion—the most popular location for residents now available in town. No better neighborhood. The residences already built are handsome and substantial.

The town is growing this way.

It is a high healthful location.

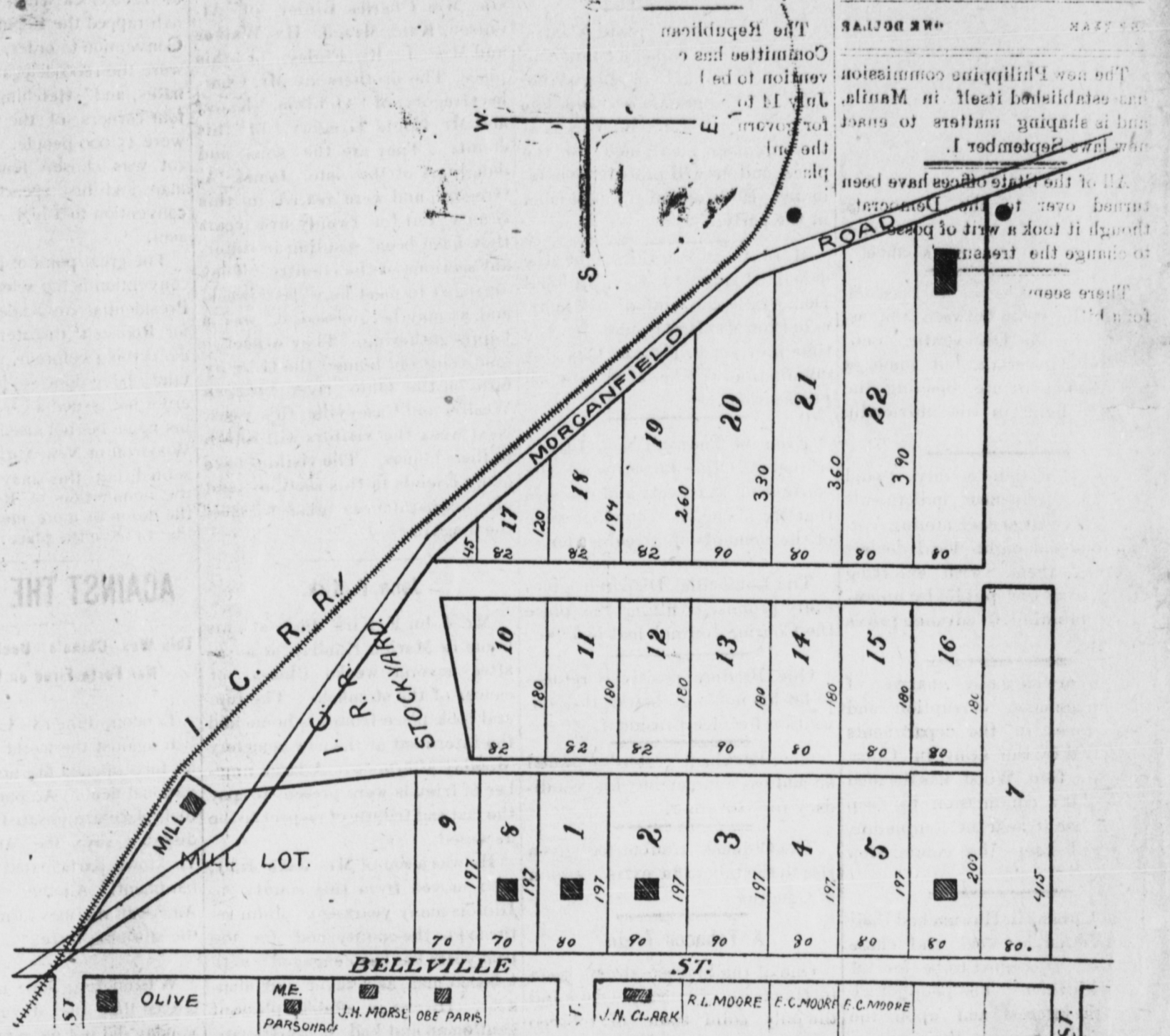
Terms easy.

These lots must go.

This is your opportunity.

For other information, call on

J. R. CLARK.



The Cell Sale Corner.

Happenings Among the Young People.

Perry Maxwell visited in Paducah last week.

Chas. Moore is at work in the Census Supervisor's office.

Bessie and Fannie Woods left today for a visit in Union county.

Several of our young men have a great deal of business over the phone.

Otho Pickens is enjoying the novel sport of climbing telephone poles.

Miss Ray Woods returned from Louisville last Saturday. She has been taking a Kindergarten course.

Bertie Snow took the teachers examination last week at this place. We wish you success, Bert.

All persons wishing to see Joe Randolph will please call at Boaz's Grocery where he is officiating as chief clerk.

Miss Kittie Moore is visiting relatives in the country. She is greatly missed by her friends in Marion.

When a couple of young people strongly devoted to each other, commence eating onions you can bet on them as being engaged.

The young people of the town intended having a picnic last Friday, but no arrangements having been made for boats, they were disappointed.

Mortie and Menard Woods have a pair of fan-tailed pigeons. Knowing that feather fans are very stylish they forewarn everybody against stealing fans.

There will be an entertainment given by the music class of Mrs. Ingram Friday night, at the opera house. Entertainments of this kind have and will always be appreciated.

Title—"Only Seven Cents." Time—Last Friday evening. Scene—A prominent business house. Admission—Free. Characters—Ed Olive and Henry Haynes. Climax—Exhibition of stethology. Result—Ask the herpes.

Edited by Four of them.

Roy Gilbert has returned to this city to stay. Roy is a great lover of scenery and says there is not a Hill in Fulton that can compare with the one in this city.

A youthful lover, who sang for two mortal hours before the window of his adored, was electrified by a cordial "thank you" pronounced by the "other fellow" who appeared at the window.

The young ladies of the town have organized a club entitled the "Bachelor Maid Club." Their object in so doing is doubtless understood. We trust that they shall be successful.

Any one having important messages for Henry Haynes, Roy Gilbert, Joe Randolph and Ed Olive should send them to Boston & Walker's Furniture house and safe delivery will be given.

Sunday afternoon our city was honored by the presence of that genial and popular Union county boy, our old friend Eoton McGraw. Eoton has numerous friends, who are ever glad to welcome him.

Every girl in Marion is happy beyond estimation for Mr. A. Ziff, who resided here for some time has returned from a short stay at Sebees. He has visited many cities but finds none so charming as our little town, and he says he has come back to stay.

Every afternoon a noisy procession is seen winding its way lazily down Salem street and out of town. The procession generally starts from Main and is composed of but one, two or three members but as it advances down the street by some mysterious twist of hand by yell of "we goin in," from every corner, out of every yard, a recruit is gathered. Boys of all ages, all kinds, all sizes, compose this wonderful caravan. Happy, mischievous, they are enjoying life. Follow them and you are soon led to the "ole swimmin' hole" in Crooked Creek and for hours the

monsters of the deep retire to let the youngsters plow the waves and duck each other till old Sol sinks to rest and homeward they plod, of none the wiser at least they are all the cleaner.

Messrs. Kay Kevil, Hickman Walker, Allen Paris and Guy Olive, four of our most popular youths, mounted their fiery steeds Sunday afternoon and rode in state to the Crittenden Springs. After an hour or two of pleasant rambling the brave youths set forth on their homeward journey but before long they came in contact with a stag rainstorm. They retired into ambush and about eight o'clock after swimming creeks and wading marshes they reached home, with colors struck, looking as if they might be four of Pharaoh's soldiers who escaped drowning in the Red Sea.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somewhat the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

Sole and \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

CORN FOR SALE.

2000 BUSHELS

We have 2000 bushels of corn for sale, at 45 cts. at the crib near Tolu. Apply to Taylor & Guess, Tolu, or J. O. Dixon; Marion.

A DOCTOR'S DISCOVERY.

Wood Pulp for Pouches and Surgical Dressings.

Mr. Frederick T. Gordon, a hospital steward at the League Island navy yard, has been for some time conducting experiments on the use of wood pulp in surgery and he gives the results of his experiments in a recent number of the Medical Record. Wood pulp is obtained in its crude form from the manufacturers and comes in sheets of any size and thickness. It is cheap, easily obtained and possesses valuable properties. When macerated in water, it wells up and absorbs from four to five times its weight of liquid, retaining it for a long time. As the pulp becomes soft a poultice of any desired consistency can be made by varying the quantity of the water. By using hot water the resulting poultice will retain its heat and moisture much longer than a similar poultice made of bread or flaxseed. Of course, antiseptic drugs soluble in water may be dissolved in the water in which the pulp is to be soaked, as the pulp itself is unaffected by most drugs. When dry the pulp will absorb both oils and fats. This is particularly valuable, as it can be used as an emollient and antiseptic substitute for salves, etc., on lint as a surgical dressing. Wood pulp can be molded when moist, so that it can be used as a splint, owing to the fact that it dries very hard. When kept slightly wet with an antiseptic solution, the pulp remains soft and can be used as an absorbent dressing. Crude wood pulp can be sterilized by heating in an ordinary sterilizer. If the heat is increased so that the surface is charred, it will act as a deodorizing dressing. Poultices of wood pulp are far superior to flaxseed, and being perfectly stable do not deteriorate in any climate, and owing to its small compass a considerable supply can be carried. Should it become wet, it can be dried in an ordinary stove. It is an ideal material for the country practitioner, being always the same, insuring uniform results. A sheet four feet square costs only about 15 or 20 cents.

THE CAPITAL "I"

Zola Thinks Its Use as a Personal Pronoun Very Arrogant. M. Zola, when in England, was much impressed with the English use of the capital "I." "Why is it," he says, "that the Englishman when he

Aside from the serious inconvenience and pain caused by piles, there is a tendency to fistula and to cancer in the rectal regions. Piles should not be allowed to run on unchecked. TABLET'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is an infallible remedy. Price 50c a bottle, tubes 75 cents at Orme's.

The Red Circle Pill

The Best Liver and Stomach Remedy on earth.

Guaranteed to absolutely cure any curable case of Indigestion, Constipation, Chronic Headache, Jaundice, Biliousness and the early stages of Bright's Disease and Diabetes. For the ailments peculiar to women it is

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

THE RED CIRCLE PILL does not nauseate, sicken or irritate. Try it once and you will never be without it. Sold only by

Druggist, **R. F. Haynes,** Marion.

WM. FOWLER, President. J. R. CLARK, Vice President. R. L. MOORE, Second Vice President. E. J. HAYWARD, Cashier. J. B. HUBBARD, Auditor.

Farmers Bank

OF MARION, KY. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK \$30,000.00. A BANK OF DEPOSITS, LOANS and DISCOUNT. Does a General Banking Business. Special Attention given Collections and Remittances. It solicits your business.

WOOL CARDING!

Salem Woolen Mills Begins Business.

Having thoroughly overhauled my machinery, making it practically as good as new, I will be ready to card wool on and after May 13. I have been in the carding business more than 30 years. I can do the very best work, and guarantee satisfaction. I will receive wool at any place in the two counties on the north side of Cumberland river, or south side of the Ohio river, where they will have for me 10 lbs or over. I will card and return it making no extra charges. PRICES: 7 cent per pound, cash, or one-fifth toll. I request parties to write me a postal card when and where they will leave wool for me.

S. J. MITCHELL, SALEM, KY.

If you are ailing, it may pay you to investigate

OSTEOPATHY.

It cures many cases of many kinds, where other remedies have failed.

Osteopathy is new and Scientific. Osteopathy courts investigation.

I will open an Osteopathic Infirmary in Marion about July 1, 1900. Upon inquiry any further information will be gladly given by mail from Franklin, Ky. my present address.

Your Friend,
H. F. RAY.

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

The new Philippine commission has established itself in Manila, and is shaping matters to enact new laws September 1.

All of the State offices have been turned over to the Democrats, though it took a writ of possession to change the treasurer's office.

There seems to be no occasion for a bitter strife between the aspirants for the Democratic nomination for governor, but some of the newspapers are opening the friendly fight in an unfriendly way.

The Christian county grand jury has returned indictments against five large coal mining corporations and eight local dealers charging them with extorting money from the public by unlawfully combining to advance prices on coal.

There are so many charges of mismanagement, corruption and crookedness in the departments controlled by the army in Cuba, that Gov. Gen. Wood has decided to appoint a commission to keep open house to hear the complaints. Who will keep the commission straight?

The Cubans in Havana had their first election last week and chose a mayor. It seemed to be an off year with them. The people took but little interest and upon the whole failed to show their appreciation of the glorious privilege. They will probably "catch on" later.

Both of the National conventions this year will have a new feature in the shape of a woman delegate. A woman was chosen by Republicans of Utah to represent them at Philadelphia, and not to be out done, Democrats of the same state selected Mrs. Elizabeth Cohen to go to the Kansas City convention.

We reprint from the Courier-Journal, Mr. C. S. Nunn's article on the mining situation in this county. Mr. Nunn is thoroughly

conversant with every phase of this interesting problem, and his article is cheering to those who have faith in our minerals. There are other things besides politics to interest the people of this section this year.

The Republican State Central Committee has called a State convention to be held in Louisville, July 14 to nominate a candidate for governor. John W. Yerkes is the only man mentioned for the place, and he will probably be nominated. He is one of the best men in the party.

More than two-thirds of the delegated votes to the National Democratic convention are instructed for Mr. Bryan, and by the time they get to Kansas City his nomination will be a unanimous proposition.

Even the Paducah News throws bouquets at Ollie James since the convention last week, and declares that Mr. James is showing some of the elements of a real leader.

The Louisville Dispatch gives every promise of filling the place the Courier-Journal had in 1896.

Gov. Bradley positively refuses to let his name go before the convention for vice-President.

Gov. Beckham yesterday issued an address announcing his candidacy for Governor.

The Chinese trouble has given rise to the talk of an extra session of Congress.

A Tobacco Train.

One of the biggest things seen in Henderson for many a day; and the only solid train of tobacco ever seen here, will leave this morning at 9:30 o'clock over the Illinois Central Railroad for New Orleans.

This train was made up yesterday. It consists of thirty-five new cars, each forty feet in length, and each holding eighteen hogheads of tobacco.

It was a sight to behold. This string of cars contained in round numbers eight hundred thousand pounds of tobacco; which will be worth \$800,000, when it gets across the broad Atlantic. In all there are 630 hogheads.—Henderson Gleaner.

Damage in Caldwell.

Princeton, Ky., June 16.—The damage done in this county by the excessive rains is incalculable, and the outlook of the farmers is distressing. Hundreds are left without a stalk of corn or tobacco. Wheat, clover and grass are ruined. In some communities not a yard of fencing is left. The rich top soil is washed away, and thousands of acres are covered from six inches to two feet in mud. It is believed the damage to crops and real estate will go over a half a million dollars.

Thursday night a waterspout visited a portion of Caldwell and Hopkins counties. The downpour was between Dawson and Scottsburg and alarmed the residents as fences and outhouses were washed away. Poultry and cattle were drowned and the wheat and corn crops in the bottoms for miles along the I. C. tracks were destroyed. There was a washout in the I. C. tracks this side of Dawson and the Tradewater river was 150 yards wide.

There were three other washouts nearer Scottsburg.

The bottoms along the track for several miles were covered with water to the depth of about three feet for several hours. The flow of the flood went into the Tradewater river, which empties into the Ohio, and great damage below Dawson along its course necessarily took place.

Deeds Recorded.

C. E. Doss to C. I. Morgan & Co., half interest in distillery and lot for \$600.

W. P. Clemens to F. M. Lynn, 31 acres for \$125.

J. O. Dixon to L. H. James, half interest in office building for \$800.

Gregory Re-Union.

The four sisters and two brothers of the Gregory family met here last week for the first time in twenty-five years. The sisters are Mrs. John A. Caldwell, of Atlanta, Ga., Mrs. Charles Linley, of Atchison, Kan., Mrs. J. H. Walker and Mrs. J. R. Finley, of this place. The brothers are Mr. Charles Gregory, of Atchison, Kans., and Mr. Edgie Gregory, of this county. They are the sons and daughters of the late James A. Gregory, and were reared in this county, but for twenty-five years they have been residing in different sections of the country. They arranged to meet here last week, and, as may be guessed, it was a happy gathering. They expect to visit their old home—the Gregory farm on the Ohio river between Weston and Caseyville, this week. Next week the visitors will return to their homes. The visitors have many friends in this section, and old acquaintances glad to meet them again.

John F. Kirk.

Mr. John F. Kirk died at his home in Marion Sunday at noon, after several weeks illness, of cancer of the stomach. The funeral took place from his home and the interment at the new cemetery Monday afternoon. A large number of friends were present to pay the last sad tribute of respect to the deceased.

He was a son of Mr. Jake Kirk, who moved from this county to Illinois many years ago. John returned to the county, and for the past years has been engaged with tobacco men, as a buyer and manager. He was an affable, pleasant gentleman and had many friends, who deeply sympathize with the wife in her deep affliction.

Joe Ben Champion.

Mr. Joseph Benjamin Champion died at his home three miles from Hampton, Livingston county, Friday, as a result of a paralytic stroke. He was perhaps the oldest man in Livingston county, having past his 88 birthday last September. He was well known throughout his own county and had many acquaintances in this, and all will regret the death of "Uncle Joe Ben," as he was familiarly known. He was born in Edgecomb county, N. C., and came with his family to Kentucky when quite young. Four sons survive him, Campbell, David, Joseph B. and Pinckney.

The Flood.

The heavy rains last week did a great deal of damage to farms and growing crops. The greatest damage was to wheat, it was blown down and a great deal of it can not be saved. Along the creeks corn and tobacco were washed up and the losses are considerable. Two of the larger bridges in the county were partially wrecked and a number of the smaller ones washed away. The Bishop bridge, across Livingston creek, between Crittenden and Lyon counties, was badly damaged and a bridge across Dry Fork it is reported was washed away. The public roads throughout the county are in a worse condition than ever before probably at this season of the year.

Residence Burned.

The residence of Mr. F. M. Jones, of the Francis neighborhood, was destroyed by fire Thursday night. The fire it is thought, originated from either a flue or was caused by lightning. Most of the household goods were lost. The house was a substantial frame of six rooms, and was built not long ago at a cost of \$1000. Mr. Jones had insurance for \$800.

Tonight

If your liver is out of order, causing Bilelessness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, or Constipation, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

On retiring, and tomorrow your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others; it will be yours. HOOD'S PILLS are sold by all medicine dealers. 25 cts.

IN SESSION.

The Republican National Convention Meets in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, June 19.—It was after 12 o'clock when Chairman Hannah rapped the Republican National Convention to order, and facing him were the 1800 delegates and alternates, and "stretching away to the four corners of the immense hall were 15,000 people. Senator Wolcott was chosen temporary chairman, and his speech aroused the convention to a high key of enthusiasm.

The great point of interest in the convention is the selection of a Vice Presidential candidate. The boom for Roosevelt threatened to sweep everything before it, and would certainly have done so, had the governor not issued a card asking that his name be not used. The name Woodruff of New York will be presented, but this may not prevent the nomination of Roosevelt over the dozen or more men who would like to have the place.

AGAINST THE WORLD.

This Was China's Declaration When Her Forts Fired on Warships.

London, June 18.—China declared war against the world when the Taku forts opened fire upon the international fleet. Accounts as to what took place are unsatisfactory. One dispatch says the American ship Yorktown participated in the bombardment. Another asserts that American marines formed a part of the storming force.

Washington, June 19.—It is contended that the stirring events of Sunday did not necessarily involve us in war and that the action of the Chinese commander may yet be disavowed and proved to have been based upon ignorance or a misunderstanding. In this case there is still opportunity for an explanation by the Chinese government and suitable reparation that shall close the incident without war.

A London dispatch of to-day says "The Russian relieving force arrived outside of Peking this morning and immediately began to attack the city. The force apparently arrived in the nick of time, for the

Chinese assert that an attack upon the legation had been successfully renewed.

TAYLOR SAFE

From Trial Under the Hoosier Governor's Protecting Wing.

Sheriff Sueter of Franklin county, accompanied by Mr. Justus Goebel and Col. Campbell, called on Gov. Mount, of Indiana, with the requisition for Messrs. Taylor and Finley last week. The matter was presented by Campbell, who said:

"From what has been reported to your Excellency's conclusions in the Finley case, I take it that are two questions in the Finley case, I take it that there are two questions troubling you, first, 'is the defendant guilty?' Second, 'If I surrender him can he get a fair trial?'"

"As to the first, that should be a questions for the courts whose laws have been violated, but in order that your Excellency may feel that a strong prima facie case may exist against Mr. Taylor I have with me the sworn statement which was heard at the preliminary trial of W. H. Cul-ton. Cul-ton was Assistant Auditor of State and belonged to Mr. Taylor's official family. His testimony wrung from him on cross examination, shows that a deliberate plot was formed to bring men from the mountains to kill Goebel and enough of the members of the Legislature to give Taylor's friends control of that body. Cul-ton further admitted that Youtsey and another clerk in the Auditor's office procured the smokeless cartridge which was used in killing Goebel; that Youtsey was regarded by Taylor as a very dangerous man, or, in the language of Gov. Taylor, 'a d—n dangerous man.' On page 78 of this record you will see where Gov. Taylor authorized Cul-ton to give Youtsey money to take him anywhere on earth."

Gov. Mount—I will say to you, Mr. Campbell, that I do not propose to judge anybody on evidence procured by the use of that \$100,000 fund.

FROM TAYLOR'S OFFICIAL FAMILY.

Mr. Campbell—Quite right, Governor; I will not ask you to do that. Every word of testimony that will be used for the purpose of convicting Gov. Taylor will come from the mouths of his official political family. 'W. H. Cul-ton was assistant Auditor of State. J. B. Matthews was Powers' assistant Secretary of State. McKenzie Todd was Gov. Taylor's private Secretary, just as Col. Wilson is your private secretary. Hemphill, another witness whose testimony is given in this volume here, is still another appointee of Taylor's administration.

Gov. Mount asked why Taylor had not been arrested immediately after the indictment was returned and was told because Taylor was at that time in the Governor's chair and his arrest would have meant civil war.

JUSTUS GOEBEL'S STATEMENT.

Justus Goebel said: "The evidence placed before me is such as to lead me to believe that Mr. Taylor is guilty, and I hope you can see your way clear to surrender Mr. Taylor to the Kentucky authorities. I want no innocent man arrested in this matter—much less convicted—but I hope to see every man connected with that dastardly crime brought to justice and punished to the fullest extent of the law. There is absolutely no question in my mind as to Mr. Finley and Mr. Taylor receiving a fair trial. Seven of the men indicted for their connection with the murder of my brother have for some time been in custody, and none of them has come to harm, and there is no probability whatsoever that harm would come to either Mr. Taylor or Mr. Finley should they be taken to Kentucky."

After hearing the arguments, Gov. Mount prepared and gave out his reasons for refusing to honor the requisition. He thinks Taylor not guilty, and that he would not be given a fair trial.

If You

were to bump your head against a brick wall you could not feel worse than does anyone who suffers from stomach troubles. We have a positive cure in Dr. Caldwell's Syrup of Pepsin. Haynes and Orme.

FIFTY YEARS OLD

Why let your neighbors know it? And why give them a chance to guess you are even five or ten years more? Better give them good reasons for guessing the other way. It is very easy; for nothing tells of age so quickly as gray hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

is a youth-renewer. It hides the age under a luxuriant growth of hair the color of youth. It never fails to restore color to gray hair. It will stop the hair from coming out also. It feeds the hair bulbs. Thin hair becomes thick hair, and short hair becomes long hair. It cleanses the scalp; removes all dandruff, and prevents its formation. We have a book on the Hair which we will gladly send you. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.



The right goods, the right prices and the right dealing is our way.

Boston & Walker,

DEALERS IN

FURNITURE,

Building Lumber

Paints, Coffins.

We propose to sell everything in our line at prices that are fair to both buyer and seller, and will be pleased to have you call and let us make you prices on anything we handle. We have purchased Mr. Olive's stock, and have a large and complete line of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Coffins and Caskets, Building Lumber of all kinds, Shingles, Doors, Windows, Blinds, and Paints. Call and see us at the old furniture house.

J. N. Boston, R. C. Walker.

Eruptions.

"An eruption all over my body caused a burning sensation so I could not sleep nights. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was completely cured." JENNIE THOMPSON, Box 36, Oakville, N. Y. Get only Hood's.

"Like Father, Like Child." Man is the sum of his ancestors. If parents wish healthy children, let them see that they themselves have pure, rich, strong blood. No taint of scrofula, no insidious malady, no lurking microbes or germs to be a curse to posterity. Purify the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the guardian of infants yet unborn. Buy it today.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Dyspepsia.

"I had dyspepsia in its worst form and tried many medicines, but found no relief until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. To my great joy I found relief and a cure. I am now well and strong." MARY E. BYRD, Olney, Ill.

Local Happenings.

The Continued Story of Current Events.

TOLU.

Mr. Charles P. Beard, of Evansville, spent Saturday and Sunday in our town, the guest of his friend Dr. Warford.

Rev. J. J. Franks has appointment to preach at the Methodist church in this place the first Sunday in July.

The river is rising and fears of an overflow is entertained by some of our river bottom farmers.

J. R. Finley, of Marion, was in our town last week talking investment to our people, and all seem favorably impressed with the business.

Walter Clement came up on the packet Saturday and Sunday in our town.

E. R. Williams and wife visited their daughter, Mrs. Ed. Weldon, of this place Sunday.

The rains that fell on last Thursday night were the heaviest for years in this vicinity; Hurricane creek was higher than had ever been known by head-water, and damage done to growing crops great. Wheat was laid flat to ground; corn was washed up on sides and covered with mud in bottom. Hill farms are washed worse than ever before in this vicinity, and at this writing it is feared that the river will spread over the bottoms.

On account of the continued rains last week there was but little wheat harvested, and the wheat all being ripe and likely to be lost, the sound of the reaper was heard on the day previous to Monday.

Ada Belle Coffield, colored, died Sunday morning after lingering quite a while with consumption.

Messrs. Albert Likens and Wm. Bridges, of Carrsville, were in our village Sunday.

C. E. Weldon, census enumerator for Tolu precinct, will complete his work this week.

Screen doors and windows at Boston & Walker's.

FREDONIA.

A. M. Wigginton and wife went to Marion Tuesday to attend the show.

18 all wool \$7.50 suits for \$5.00. Sam Howerton.

Mesdames E. G. Bugg and J. S. Loyd and Misses Dora Beavers and Verna Todd went to the show at Marion Tuesday.

The big rain last week did some damage to crops but more to land.

Ed Rice and wife are visiting relatives in Fredericktown, Mo.

Cam Wells is making hogsheds at Crider.

Mrs. J. E. Crider returned from St. Louis last week.

A social at John Lowery's Monday night.

Miss Leaffa Wilborn, of Marion will assist in the next term of school here.

Miss Minnie Guess, of Crider, and Ed. Maxwell, of Dogwood, were in town Monday evening.

John Clift & Bro., shipped four car loads of lumber to Evansville Tuesday.

A few more days to get in a guess on the census. A chance for \$15,000.00 and a good paper a year for \$1.00.—W. C. Glenn.

A large crowd went to Princeton Monday to attend the mob trial, but it was put off.

Dr. W. B. Moore, of Webster county was visiting at Dr. J. N. Todd's Sunday.

A Wealth of Beauty

Is often hidden by unsightly Pimples, Eczema, Tetter, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, etc. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will glorify the face by curing all Skin Eruptions, also Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Ulcers and worst forms of Piles. Only 25 cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Orme.

CARRSVILLE.

Mrs. Smith and daughter, of Henry county, are visiting the family of Capt. Ellis this week.

D. V. Worten returned from Louisville last week where he had been attending medical college since January.

Miss Agnes Ellis is visiting friends below Hampton.

Miss Mamie Yates is visiting relatives in the country this week.

Rev. Biddle filled his regular appointment last Sunday at the C. P. church.

Mrs. J. W. Hutchison is visiting relatives in Gallatin county, Ill., this week.

The incessant rains have been very damaging to crops, and especially wheat, in this vicinity.

Capt. Ellis returned from Louisville Thursday, where he attended the Confederate re-union.

Mr. Earnest Stations left last Saturday for Henderson (?) and returned one week from the time he left bringing with him one whom he calls wife. Instead, however, of going to Henderson, he went to Sardis, Miss. His bride is Miss Allie Howard, sister to Prof. Howard, late principal of our school. She is well remembered by her work as teacher here under her brother two years ago. We extend to the young couple our best wishes.

FORDS FERRY.

The river is rising fast, and catching logs and ties is the order of the day.

Miss Sadie Rankin, of Marion, is a pleasant visitor in our town.

Miss Lela Wilborn's foot is improving.

The ice cream supper at W. L. Clement's was largely attended.

Of all the many colors, Miss Sallie Clement says Green is her favorite.

The young folks of this place have a jolly game of croquet at Clementburg every Saturday evening.

Mrs. R. E. Flanary who has been quite ill, is convalescent.

Dr. Moreland and wife attended church at Forest Grove Sunday.

Miss Alma McConnell, one of the Ferry's most popular young ladies, went to Marion last week.

Mr. Bozeman, of Tolu, talks of putting up a store at this place.

Crooked creek like to get ahead of the hounds the last big rain.

Rev. Hoggard preached an interesting sermon at Hebron.

Baby buggies at Boston & Walker's.

LONE CEDAR.

When the people of this neighborhood woke from their slumbers Friday morning, all they could see was water. About noon the farmers began to estimate the damage and found it considerable. J. E. Dean lost a fine milch cow, also a great deal of fencing. Mrs. Lofton, R. J. Ford and Mrs. Conger were heavy losers in the fencing line, as were others.

Frate Hill's house was flooded during the rains.

Last Thursday Rufe Ford entertained a number of his friends with a birthday dinner. All had a good time and they departed wishing the host many more happy birthdays.

D. H. King and family and Jim Nation and wife spent Sunday with Ira Clark's family.

Miss Eula Clement was the guest of friends in this neighborhood Sunday.

The singing at Mrs. Lofton's Saturday night was well attended.

As we are looking for our district Secretary the second Sunday in June we will have our Sunday School at 3 o'clock instead of four as heretofore.

The continual rains have finished the poor wheat crops in our neighborhood. Some of our farmers are talking of pasturing their wheat.

A Strong Fortification.

Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles. "The Fly-Wheel of Life." Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col. Tutt's Liver Pills

SALEM.

Zinc mines, zinc mills an assured fact. Flour mills, railroads, banks, brick business blocks and a new hotel prospective facts.

That Rappolee Summers & Co. have the largest and best selected stock of dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes, hats, caps, and all kinds of goods kept by a first class store at rock bottom prices is a sure fact.

That Rappolee Summers & Co. have got one eye open and the other is opening, in fact we are almost wide awake and will be wide awake and abreast of the times to move with the town from its present size to a city, this is a fact.

See some city prices. 1 doz. spools of thread for only 10 cents, a good corset for only 25 cents, a good percale for only 6 cents a yard. Gents Sapho hats ladies Sapho bells, and Nethersole bracelets, gent's Rumchunda ties. We have these things. Dont it sound city-fied?

Now we have such hats, as wool hats, ladies leather belts, brass bracelets, gents calico ties. No matter whether you be city-fied or no, we can suit you. We have the goods and the prices to suit any and all. Come to see us and be convinced.

Rappolee, Summers & Co.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the only ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Bosch's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. For sale by R. F. Haynes.

Commissioner's Notice

All parties having claims against the estate of Wm. Burnett Oliver, deceased, are hereby notified to file same claims properly verified with me on or before the 25th day of June, 1900, or be forever disbarred.

L. W. Cruce, Master Commissioner.

If You

were to bump your head against a brick wall you could not feel worse than does anyone who suffers from stomach troubles. We have a positive cure in Dr. Caldwell's Syrup of Pepsin. Haynes and Orme.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

All parties having claims against the estate of Garland Carter, deceased, will present same properly proven before me on or before the 25th day of June, 1900, or they will be forever disbarred.

L. W. Cruce, Master Com'r.

Oh, You People!

When you come to town remember Boaz's White Star Grocery is the place to get the Cheapest and Freshest Goods. Everything first class and as fine as silk. I will pay the highest market price for your butter and eggs.

J. D. BOAZ.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim, is a type of Constipation. The power of this malady is felt on organs, nerves, muscles and brain. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25c at Orme's drugstore.

POLE-ANGUS.

I desire to call the attention of the farmers who desire to improve their breed of cattle to the fact that I have a fine Pole-Angus bull. There is no better animal in this section of the county. Service, \$2

J. H. Bronstey.

SHADY GROVE.

The farmers are all discouraged again. We had a regular cloud burst, washing fences, corn, wheat and tobacco all away.

Sam Asher and wife, of Weston, attended Childrens Day exercises here last Sunday.

Bro. Pangburn filled his appointment here Sunday with large attendance.

A. J. Pickens and family visited Dr. McConnell last week.

Mrs. Lula Towery is at Princeton this week.

Several of the people of this place attended the show at Marion Tuesday.

Elbert McConnell, of Creswell, was in town Sunday.

The social at M. E. Taylor's Saturday night was enjoyed by all the young folks.

Mans Hubbard is very sick.

Unless a woman eats sufficient nourishing food she can neither gain nor keep a good complexion. Food when digested, is the base of all health, all strength, and all beauty. HERBINE will help digest what you eat, and give you the clear, bright, beautiful skin o health. Price 50c and 75 cts at Orme's

VIEW.

The singing at F. M. Conyers Sunday night was one of success until the crowd was dispersed by appearance of a storm.

Sunday school is being carried on at Childress school house and with an unusually very good attendance.

Farmers have begun hunting their corn in the weeds and bushes.

Bachelors are prominent and can be seen at most any place, call and see them e're too late.

Mining is very promising in these parts. All hands can find work to do.

The tobacco crop is looking nicely in this neighborhood and a very good crop is expected.

We hope to have more sermons less talk and more good and the least evil at our Church school house.

We wish to congratulate the people of Crayneville upon their work on the first Sunday.

If your sight is blurred with specks and spots floating before your eyes, or have pains on the right side under the ribs, then your liver is damaged, and you need a few doses of HERBINE to regulate it. Price 50c at Orme's.

Prompt Payment.

Eddyville, Ky., June 12, 1900. Mr. J. S. Hawthorn, Special Agt. New York Life Ins. Co., Princeton, Ky.

Dear Sir:—I am this day in receipt of the Company's check for \$1000 in full of the policy held by my late husband Granville S. P. Withers in your Company. Mr. Withers had not paid any premiums on the Policy since 1897, but under the extension clause the face of the Policy is paid without deduction. Mr. Withers had Policies in two other companies but the New York Life is the first to pay.

Very truly,
Mary E. Withers
John A. Moore, Local Agt.

M. E. FOHS,

Merchant Tailor

MARION, KY:

Clothes Cleaned and Repaired.

J. E. HANCOCK

TINNER.

Tin Roofing, Guttering, Etc. All kinds of Repair Work, Roof Painting and Gun Repairing. All work guaranteed. Shop east Masonic building.

BE SURE that your blood is rich and pure. The best blood purifier, enricher and vitalizer is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Be sure to GET HOOD'S.

Bring In Your Wool.

We will start our Roll Cards June 1, and guarantee good work.

R. U. KEVIL & SONS,

PRINCETON, KY

To The Public,

1900 finds us at the same old stand, doing business in the same square old way—

Selling Good Goods For The Cash.

At the lowest prices, always giving 100 cents worth for the dollar.

This year we hope to do more business with you, promising courteous treatment and the lowest possible prices, and we add just here that all

Heavy Woolen Goods are offered at Greatly Reduced Prices...

Your account is due and we need the money. Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, we are your friends.

Woods & Fowler

HORTICULTURE

LAYERING THE GRAPE.

A Method of Propagation Which Many Horticulturists Declare to Be Without a Rival.

Layering is the simplest, surest and easiest method of increasing the grape and is the best way to grow them where but few vines are wanted. There are two kinds of layers, called spring and summer layers, from the season at which they are made.

Summer layers are made in the summer, generally the last of July, from a branch of the same season's growth. They are likely to be weak for several years, and do not make as good plants as the spring layers. In making them, the wood should be slit for an inch or so near the buds that are covered. Bury



Fig. 1 represents a rooted layer. Fig. 2 the rooted layer separated, making two plants.

about one foot of the cane four inches deep in the ground and it will be rooted by late autumn, when it should be separated and treated as a young vine; and it is generally best to get them well started in a garden or nursery before planting in the vineyard permanently.

Spring layers may be made by laying down any cane early in the spring. It will root in one season. By fall it will have made a good growth of roots, when it may be cut from the main cane, and if strong it may be divided into two plants. This form of layer is illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2. By a little different treatment of the spring layer a vine may be grown from each bud on the layered cane. For this purpose some thrifty cane should be selected in autumn, pruned of its laterals and buried. In the spring it should be uncovered and only one shoot permitted to grow from each joint. After the new growth has started about six inches



Fig. 3 a rooted layer, each bud making a new plant.

from each bud the whole cane should be layered about four inches deep, handling it carefully so as not to break the new growth.

Fig. 3 shows such a layer after it has rooted. It is a good plan to cover it not more than three inches at first, and to fill up the trench as the shoots grow. If covered four inches deep at once the young growth will sometimes rot, though this seldom happens, and some skillful growers fill the trench full at once. In the autumn roots will be found growing from each joint, and these may be cut apart and treated as recommended for weak vines grown from cuttings. If this method of propagation is to be used to some considerable extent vines should be grown especially for the purpose. It is not a good plan to use fruiting vines for layering to any great extent, though it may be safely done in a small way. Farm and Fireside.

BIRD DESTRUCTION.

A Growing Evil Against Which the Farmers of the Country Should Protest Emphatically.

Through the middle states and in some parts of the south, a mischievous trade is carried on during the winter and the early spring. It is the slaughter of insect-destroying birds, to be sold as "reedbirds" in the city markets. "Reedbird on toast" is a favorite dish with the epicures; but the epicures seldom get the "reedbirds" they order.

Authorities at Washington declare that hundreds of thousands of robins, bluebirds, cedar-birds, shore larks and other insect-eating birds are killed for this purpose every year. A single dealer in Washington received 5,000 robins in one shipment from North Carolina, and sold them all as reedbirds.

Not only is the traffic reprehensible as a commercial fraud, but it is a direct and very grave injury to farmers, whose fruit trees, shrubs and crops would be seriously injured, and in some cases ruined, if insectivorous birds were exterminated.

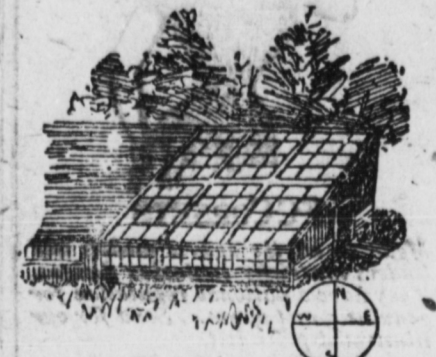
Through the work of the men of science in the government departments at Washington, our farmers are learning the value of insect-destroying birds to their fields and gardens. They are, therefore, neglectful of their own interests if they do not protest against this cruel and ruinous traffic, not only in the name of humanity, but because of the imperative needs of agriculture. Youth's Companion.

Big Income from Forests.
The forests are considered one of the most valuable national possessions in the old countries. In Bavaria the forest area is about one-third of the total area of the kingdom. One-third of this area is owned by the government, which has spent since 1870 about \$5,000,000 in acquiring forest land. A regular system of forest culture is employed. The yield per acre is generally large, valued at about \$1.92, and the net income of the state amounting to about \$4,000,000 per year.

SIMPLE GREENHOUSE.

A Structure Which Enables Gardeners to Get Considerable Space at a Low Cost.

Probably the most satisfactory low-cost greenhouse for forcing vegetables is found in the form of a half-span house facing the south or southeast, and having a comparatively flat roof composed of movable or partly movable sash, the front wall of the house also to be partly glass, in order to give



SIMPLE GREENHOUSE.

abundant light to the front bed or bench. A house of this character, and of moderate size, may be roofed with two rows of sashes seven feet long, the lap or junction of the two sashes in the center of the roof being supported by a wooden girder formed of a piece of three by four stuff resting on posts, the latter being spaced about eight feet apart. This length of roof would give a house nearly 13 feet in width, with front wall five feet high and back wall 7 1/2 feet, and may be divided into three beds or benches of convenient width for working.—Rural New Yorker.

HORTICULTURAL HINTS.

We do not advise extensive melon culture. The markets in summer are usually glutted with melons.

Sweet corn comes up much sooner if it is soaked over night in warm water, and the crops fit for use just that much sooner.

Potatoes grow better if planted before beginning to sprout. The second sprouts that start are not so strong as the first.

If the trees need pruning, it is easier to prune as soon as the necessity shows itself than it is after several seasons of neglect.

Potatoes will make good use of a large quantity of coarse manure, whether it is plowed under or put on the land after planting.

It is a good plan to mulch raspberries, as it has been shown that mulched plants will produce much better berries than those left unprotected by drying winds.—Western Plowman.

Black Knot in Plums.

Before warm weather comes all the plum trees should be looked over, and any that show marks of black knots that indicate black knot should be removed with a sharp knife and the wound washed with carbolic acid solution or some other antiseptic. In fact, it is a good plan to spray plum trees with a carbolic acid solution, made one part of carbolic acid to 2,000 parts of water. This will remain on the spores which are dormant during the winter until they burst their bounds and begin to spread the disease over the trees. The solution named is much stronger than can be applied after the foliage is in its tender growth.

AN ARTISTIC IDEA.

Best Way of Trellising Blackcap Raspberries Fully Described and Illustrated.

Said a farmer friend who is very precise and particular in all his work: "My wife wants me to set some black cap raspberries, but they are so thorny and straggly around so much that I dislike to have them around. The time spent in hand hoeing and bothering, saying nothing about the scratching makes me tired. But she is certain she wants them, and I shall have to set out some of the pesky things."

I suggested drying the plants for a



Fig. 1

few days before setting out as a short way out of the difficulty.

"Oh, my wife is too sharp for that," he replied; "she will attend to the setting herself before the plants have been delivered 15 minutes, and she will know, too, whether the plants are fresh or not."

I saw at once that his wife was not to be trifled with, and proceeded to give him some hints about trellising his bushes after a fashion practiced by an English gardener who began his American experience about the time the Doolittle raspberry was brought out, more than 40 years ago.

He set his plants about five feet apart and between each two pairs of plants he set a stake six feet high. The canes were allowed to grow at will without pinching and naturally arched over as

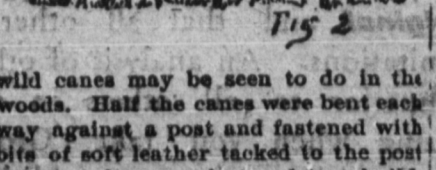


Fig. 2

wild canes may be seen to do in the woods. Half the canes were bent each way against a post and fastened with bits of soft leather tacked to the post as grapevines are fastened to a building. They were not fastened in a close bundle, but spread up and down the post for a foot or more, as shown in Fig. 4. When the season was favorable they would reach the ground and then

the tips could be tapered if wanted.

In the spring the ends were cut back far enough to prevent the fruit's getting dirty, and nothing more was done until after picking, when the old wood was cut away and loosened from the posts and the new wood fastened in place, it having previously grown at will. A plantation kept in this way had the rows snug and narrow until nearly picking time, when the new growth would sprout somewhat, as shown in Fig. 2, but as cultivation was stopped during July this did not matter. This probably would not pay for the commercial grower, but for the careful amateur would be both neat and novel.—L. B. Pierce, in Ohio Farmer.

LIVE UNDER GROUND.

In Some Parts of France the Inhabitants Dwell in Sandstone and Chalk Rocks.

In Europe there are thousands of people who live underground. Rarely do they see the light of day, feel the warmth of sunshine, or hear the singing of birds. They are like the cymen of old.

In the sandstone and chalk and limestone districts of France a large portion of the population lives under the surface. In the department of Maine et Loire, and in a portion of Vienna, whole villages are underground.

S. Baring Gould, the English novelist, has made a study of these queer villages. "I visited one near Les Eyzies, on the Vézère," he says, "where the father and mother were both ill in bed with influenza in separate beds. The canopies were crooked up to the rock overhead. The windows were without glass, mere openings in the one wall that closed the face of the cave. By the side of the man's bed was a deep descent of 40 feet, where antiquaries had burrowed in search of the deposits of prehistoric man."—N. Y. Journal.

MONEY EASILY MADE.

Running a Public Spraying Machine Is Affording a Good Income to an Eastern Farmer.

There is a man in western New York who has a complete outfit of boiler, engine, steam pump, tank and hose mounted on his farm wagon. A 12-year-old boy has run this outfit in neighboring orchards—driving the wagon and keeping up steam. The charge is \$3 a day, the owner of the orchard



PUBLIC SPRAYING MACHINE.

providing the spraying mixture and men to hold the nozzles. With this outfit it is possible to spray out 1,500 gallons of poisoned water in a day, and the first cost of the entire outfit was but \$250. This man could not begin to accommodate those who wanted to hire his spraying outfit. In 50 days of outside work he will pay the entire first cost of the apparatus, while the pump, boiler and tank are doubtless good for 1,000 days' work without repair. Here is an inkling of what is coming. A man with the needed capital and the proper mechanical skill has a chance to make some money as public sprayer.—Farm and Home.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Clear out the old dry wood from your gooseberry, currant, raspberry and other kindred bushes.

The peach and the plum are so closely related to each other that they can be grafted on each other.

Prune the grape severely at the start, and at three years old, a few bunches of grapes can be allowed to mature.

While the best land is none too good to raise strawberries, yet land that will grow good corn and potatoes will do.

Grapes may be grown from the seeds, but the fruit of seedlings is not like that of the parent vine.—Western Plowman.

San Jose Scale Specific.

More than one authority states that there is practically no interest in California over the San Jose scale. The San Jose spray is considered a sovereign remedy. The formula for it is follows: Unslaked lime, 40 pounds; salt, 15 pounds; sulphur, 20 pounds. Ten pounds of lime are first slaked and boiled with the sulphur in 20 gallons of water for three hours. The remaining lime and salt are then added, and the whole boiled an hour longer. Sufficient water is then added to bring the whole solution up to 60 gallons, which is strained before using.—Guy E. Mitchell, in Farm and Fireside.

Old Cat About Ducklings.

A lot of little ducklings is a funny family for a cat to have, but in Salem county, N. J., there is just such a family as this. Pussy had lived with the ducks in the barnyard all her life, sleeping among them every night, and when some one took all her little ones away she was lonely without them and stole 13 little ducklings from an old mother duck. She carried them all down in the cellar, one by one, one night, so the mother duck could not coax them away, and when Mr. Allen, who owns the cat and the ducks, went down into the cellar the next morning he found all the little baby ducks huddled about the cat keeping warm.

Emigrants and Seamstresses.

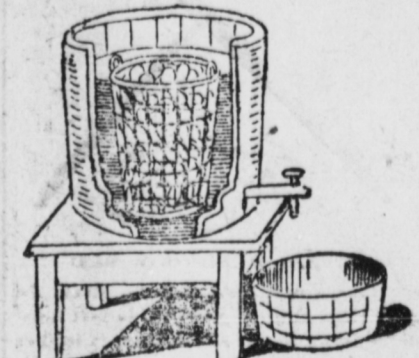
A German newspaper tells a nice little story about a poor seamstress of Cologne and Kaiser Wilhelm. The women, finding the sewing machine out of service, submitted a petition to him

HORTICULTURE

TREATMENT FOR SCAB.

How to Disinfect Seed Potatoes with out Going to Much Work and Needless Expense.

To make the solution, first get a good-sized wooden tub, tank or wide barrel. Dissolve two ounces of corrosive sublimate (bichloride of mercury) in two gallons of boiling water; then add water enough to make 15 gallons. If needed, make double this quantity. Stir until thoroughly dissolved. It is a good plan to have the tank, or whatever it is, stand upon a bench or other support high enough so you can put in a faucet for emptying the solution when



TREATING POTATOES FOR SCAB.

done using into some other convenient receptacle. If you have a basket-maker living at no great distance from you (as I have) you can get him to make a plain, strong open basket of the shape as that shown in illustration, large enough to hold about a bushel of potatoes. Or if such a basket is not at hand or cannot be procured, then you can take a coarse gunny-sack and fill it with potatoes. Whatever receptacle you have, immerse it with the potatoes into the tank or tub, and leave it in about 30 minutes. Then lift the basket or sack out of the liquid, empty the potatoes out to dry, and fill with a new lot to go through the same performance. When the potatoes are dry, cut as wanted and plant. Do not let any of the treated tubers lie around, as they are liable to poison any animal that would get hold of and eat them.—Farm and Fireside.

ORCHARD COVER CROPS.

Their Value and Advantages Officially Recognized by the Agricultural Department.

The growing of green crops in an orchard should not be done with the view of scattering crops for use, but to benefit the trees as a covering. The agricultural department has given this matter its attention and pointed out the advantages in a special bulletin. A cover crop, to serve as a blanket and protect the soil, may be secured with the use of mammoth clover, cow peas, buckwheat, rye, crimson clover or anything that will remain on the ground all winter. Cover crops, unlike those grown throughout the season, do not, as a rule, injure the trees by drying out the soil and even where the weather during the fall is normally dry, the injury is less than in summer, since plants evaporate less water from their leaves in the cooler weather and shorter days of fall than in the longer and hotter days of summer. Cover crops not only do not, as a rule, dry out the soil injuriously, but they also add directly to the moisture holding capacity of the soil by the humus formed in their decay, and they hold much of the snow until it melts and is absorbed by the soil. They are also rarely as injurious as crops grown throughout the entire season, and are often beneficial because their growth is made after the trees have stopped growing and are maturing their wood for winter. Trees make their greatest growth early in the season, and therefore require much less moisture the latter part of the season than earlier in the year. In fact, in some localities it is considered an advantage to cease cultivation by midsummer and grow some secondary crop which will check the growth of the trees and cause them to mature before winter. It has also been found that wherever cultivation or irrigation has been kept up late in the season, and the ground in a moist condition, with the trees thrifty and growing, the frost did but little damage.

Fertilize the Orchard.

It is certain that any crop will exhaust the soil in time, whether of grain, grass or fruit. On some farms may be seen orchards of apple trees over half a century old. Every year these trees have produced fruit, and in return have received nothing in the form of fertilizer. It is estimated that an ordinary apple crop removes from an acre of soil about 50 pounds of nitrogen, 40 pounds of phosphoric acid and 75 pounds of potash. When clover is grown in the orchard the land is benefited by having its proportion of nitrogen increased, but it will gain nothing in mineral matter. The land devoted to apples should receive fertilizer or manure every year, and when there is a heavy crop of apples in sight the fruit should be thinned out in the early stages of growth.—Rural World.

Size of the Farm Garden.

Unless there is a convenient market for the scale of vegetables the garden should be no larger than is necessary to afford full variety and an abundance for the family, as the keeping down of weeds and grass in the garden is a matter which may require attention just at a time when the farmer is busy with his spring planting, but every farmer should have a garden, even if but few kinds of vegetables are grown.

R. J. MORRIS

Dentist,

Office over Marion Bank.

MARION, KY.



JUST PUBLISHED!

A NARRATIVE of the greatest political fight of the century, on which the nation's eyes were and are yet turned.

By R. E. HUGHES, F. W. SCHAEFER and E. L. WILLIAMS.

One Large Octavo Volume, Over 100 Illustrations, Cloth Extra, \$1.75.

By Mail, Postage Paid, on Receipt of Price.

This work is the production of three Louisville newspaper men, who have well performed their labor in an unbiased manner, giving a full, vivid and truthful account of the most remarkable campaign that ever took place in this country. With a free pen and a vast fund of incident and record, the authors have produced a most fascinating volume of history, and, at the same time, a reliable "hand-book" of facts that will be used as a book of reference for years to come.

First-Class Agents Wanted. For Unoccupied Territory Address

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General Agents for Crittenden and Livingston Counties.

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The Best Liver and Stomach Remedy on earth.

Guaranteed to absolutely cure any curable case of Indigestion, Constipation, Chronic Headache, Jaundice, Biliousness and the early stages of Bright's Disease and Diabetes. For the ailments peculiar to women it is

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

THE RED CIRCLE PILL does not nauseate, sicken or gripe. Try it once and you will never be without it. Sold only by

Druggist, **R. F. Haynes,** Marion

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1900 MODELS

28 inch Wheel.....\$40

30 inch Wheel.....45

Tandem.....57

Agts Wanted

Throughout the State where we are not now represented for our complete line.

OUR OWN

Speed

28-in Wheel \$30

30-in Wheel \$35

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Ready For

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Business!

Our line is the Best

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The BIG 4

The most complete line of wheels ever offered—must be seen to be appreciated—but a catalogue will be mailed on application. Remember we want good agents. Are you? If not, drop us a line, and our representative call on you.

Princeton

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Our New Addition

CLIPPER.

28-in Semi-racer chain's \$75

28-in Roadster Chainless 50

28-in Roadster Chain Wheel 40

OUR 1900

Sundry catalogue is now ready, illustrating many of the latest Cycles Novelties.

THE RELIABLE

Ideal

20 in Wheel.....\$20

24 in Wheel.....22 50

26 in Wheel.....25 50

28 in Wheel.....25 to 30

A SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER

will do better work for a longer time, with less exertion, than any other writing machine. Thousands of satisfied users pronounce it.....

Perfectly Simple and Simply Perfect.

Let it lighten your business burden. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE. The Smith Premier is especially adapted to the "Touch System" of Typewriting. In Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

GOLD FIELDS OF SIBERIA.

Discoveries Made Recently by Americans.

TO APPLY TO THE CZAR.

Russia's Ruler Will Be Asked to Grant a Working Charter—New Fields Near Cape Nome—The Arctic Regions.

From time to time since last October stories have reached Seattle, says a correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, concerning fabulously rich placer gold mines on the coast of Siberia, across the Behring Straits from Cape Nome. The first information came in the form of an opinion from old miners and prospectors, who said that they believed the gold belt, which had been traced from Golovin Bay to Cape Nome, about seventy-five miles, and later from Nome to Port Clarence, eighty miles, extended across the water to the domain of the Czar of Russia. No effort was made at specifying the location of gold. The supposition has been, however, that it lay in the district nearest to the most westerly portion of Alaska. Cape Prince of Wales is the most westerly point of Alaska and can be reached by following the coast line something like fifty miles from Port Clarence.

From here it is only sixty or seventy miles due west to Cape Nun-lano, at the entrance of St. Lawrence Bay, on the coast of Siberia. This point is fifty miles south of East Cape, the most easterly point of Siberia. It is a comparatively easy matter to cross from the domain of Uncle Sam to that of the Czar, but to actually explore the country is a very serious matter. The world knows something of the perils of this desolate country, and the premonitory manner in which transgressions of the imperial decree are punished.

Recent reports indicate beyond a question of doubt that daring Americans have actually discovered wonderfully rich gold deposits in Siberia, and made their way back to Cape Nome without being molested. They speak of their finds as being located east of Nome, but are careful not to go into details as they hope to secure from the Czar an imperial charter, fashioned something after that which Great Britain gave to the British South African Company.

William Frye and Charles Swanson are the discoverers. Their story indicates that the Siberian mines will equal if not surpass those of Cape Nome in richness, and certainly extend over a much larger territory. While one always thinks of beach diggings when Nome is mentioned, this phase of mining does not crop out in the report of Frye and Swanson. They say the gold they found in Siberia lies somewhat back from the coast, and chiefly along the beds of dry creeks. They are experienced miners, and have been through many golden excitement, including those of the Klondike and Cape Nome, but never saw anything as rich as in Siberia. With their shoes they turned up nuggets as large as kernels of corn, and in many instances much larger. They say that all they had to do was to stoop down and pick up the gold from the surface. The earth on the surface and as far down as they went—only a short distance—was literally filled with pure alluvial gold nuggets.

In these discoveries they have a partner named Henry Cowley, who is a correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle. He went to the Klondike some time ago and until recently has been connected with the Klondike Nugget, one of the well known newspapers of the Northwest Territory. Mr. Cowley arrived in Seattle this week on his way to St. Petersburg to see if the Czar will grant his company a charter to work the mines. He has interested local capitalists in this venture, which he considers one of the largest and at the same time most promising ever evolved from the many golden opportunities afforded by the extraordinary development of the land of gold, ice and snow.

No Pipe Tobacco in Cuba.

"Strange as it may appear, smoking tobacco is practically unknown in Cuba or Porto Rico," observed an officer of the ordnance corps who has recently returned from those islands. "though, as is well known, tobacco is the principal crop, and every one uses it."

"They regard it as so much time lost to use tobacco in a pipe. Even if they wanted to use pipes they cannot get them for the simple reason that there are no pipes for sale. The natives content themselves with cigars, cheroots and cigarettes, and many of them did not know until a couple of years ago that there were some benighted people who supposed that smoking tobacco in a pipe was enjoyable and indulged in to any great extent."

"The Cuban and Porto Rican tobacco are, of course not suited to pipe smoking, for it is grown with the idea of getting as much leaf as possible and as thin as they can get. Their ignorance in regard to smoking tobacco is remarkable. Indeed, there is no word in the Spanish language for smoking tobacco."—Washington Star.

Ores, a small city in Sweden, owns and operates a nursery which yields an income of \$150,000.

A SNOW-WHITE ROBIN.

How One of These Rare Creatures Was Discovered by a Lover of Birds and Nature.

A large tract, not very far from Chicago, unfrequented even by sportsmen, has been taken possession of by birds and "beasties." Hundreds of them live here the year round. Warm-weather birds spend the summer months here, and throngs of hardy little creatures shelter themselves here throughout the winter and listen for the spring.

One day last September I pushed my way through this wood down to the creek to see what condition the fences were in—for sometimes old Mosquito carries off the rails—and to say good-bye to the summer birds. It was a lucky day for me. Besides being a lark when he rose with his song in his throat, I flushed a covey of quail from the edge of the brush, I heard a flicker drum his best tune on a half-decayed limb, and, best of all, I saw a white robin! This was the way it happened: I was coming home about four o'clock, when just before me in a little open space on the ground were five or six robins, supping on some berries. Among them was one white as the driven snow. I could hardly believe my eyes. Involuntarily I stood still and riveted my gaze on the little albino. The flock lingered several seconds on the ground and then flew, lighting in a tree not far away. I moved carefully till I could command sight of this tree, and in a few minutes I saw them fly again, this time to disappear in the tree tops. The fact which impressed me most in my observation of this robin and its companions was that neither the white one nor the red-breasts seemed conscious of any peculiarity in its appearance. Unlike the white blackbird of the old Latin reader, the bird appeared to be on the most friendly terms with those around it, picking up seeds and chirping with the rest. The little company was doubtless preparing to go south, for robins are wont to gather in flocks in the woods just before migrating.

All robins have more or less white in their feathers, but a robin perfectly white is extremely rare. Once in a great while Mother Nature, for some reason not understood by naturalists, forgets to put any dark coloring matter in a robin's plumage. The young of this freak of nature are not necessarily white, but they inherit a tendency to albinism.

Robins have a habit of returning year after year to nest in the same place, and if Prince White Feather spreads his wings in Mosquito creek woods next summer I know a person who will be there to cultivate his acquaintance.—Justine Iddings Baldwin, in Chicago Record.

HOW THEY ARE BURIED.

Australia's Aborigines Have a Curious Way of Disposing of Their Dead Friends.

Among the Australian aborigines strange customs prevail, which advancing civilization will not wipe out. The graves which they make are curious. Tall poles are arranged symmetrically above the place where the dead person is buried, and some of the poles overlap, forming a sort of skeleton wigwam. The others bear a resemblance in



AN AUSTRALIAN GRAVE.

a quaint way to telegraph poles, and the effect of the whole is something like that of a tenderly decorated but oftentimes grotesque burial place of a genuine pet or singing bird in a family of civilized people whose children have taken it upon themselves to attend to the obsequies.

When Otis Was Nonplused.

Only once, it is said, has Gen. Elwell S. Otis, the American commander in the Philippines, been nonplused. That was when as a boy he was a student in the Rochester academy. He was a natural leader, and for four years he kept the faculty in a state of agitation. His most famous prank was the smuggling of a donkey into the class room, and tying the animal securely to the head professor's desk. When that gentleman made his appearance, he neither smiled nor exhibited any trace of anger. "Young gentlemen," he said, quietly, "I see you have wisely chosen your instructor. Good morning." That time the laugh was on

Blind Pigs.

The student of natural history who inquired about it is informed that blind pigs wear glasses, but they are the kind that clink.—Chicago Chronicle.

Work Days in Russia.

Sundays and holidays reduce the number of work days in Russia to 248 a year.

An Unwelcome Filipino.

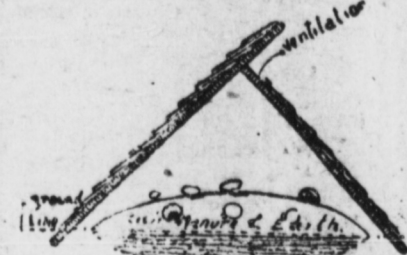
One of the delights of life in the Philippines is recorded by the American Soldier. Some days ago, a party of soldiers who were about relieving the guard at Manila, came suddenly upon a great boa constrictor. He was shot and found to measure nine feet seven inches long and ten inches around in the largest part.

THE NATURE

MUSHROOMS OUTDOORS.

How a Fine Table Top can be Made Outside in the Spring and Autumn.

First dig out a trench five feet wide and 14 to 15 inches deep, and plug the walls with straw. Mix together manure and soil, and form a bed in the trench high enough to be nine inches above the level when well tramped down. The shelter is formed with three by four hemlock for a span roof, allowing the north side rather to overlap the south eight inches. The lengthwise boards overlap like a shingle roof to turn wa-



OUTDOOR MUSHROOM BED.

ter. The north side boards may be nailed fast, and the south side left movable, leaving in the south side six inches of space for ventilation at the top, where the overhanging rafters of the north keep rain out.

When gathering mushrooms, the south side boards may be taken off to allow space to reach in freely. The only attention a bed of this kind needs is a slight watering when the crop is being cut, and a covering of litter or long manure to keep off sun and frost. The bed must not be water-soaked, and to prevent this the ground has to be carefully graded, so as to turn water. During July and August, the bed is allowed to become dry on the surface, and is not watered to start the crop again until September.—Rural New Yorker.

CARE OF YOUNG TREES.

Without a Good Root or Stem a Plant Makes But Little Progress in Growth.

A large proportion of the trees that are lost in resetting die because they have been injured when they were taken up. Without a good root or stem a tree can make but little progress in growth. In digging up trees the surface soil should be removed to the root system, then a trench dug around the tree outside the mass of roots; then by cutting under the roots with a sharp spade on each side, the tree may be loosened from the soil with a good supply of young growing roots. If the tree is large, the trench must be made around the roots to the depth of the lowest, and the roots gradually loosened and freed from the soil.

No matter how carefully a tree is dug, many of the young feeding roots will be injured or destroyed. Thus only a small amount of sap can be supplied to the branches and buds, which nevertheless continue to evaporate a large amount of water; thus the tree often starts very slowly and sometimes falls entirely. By removing the branches and buds in proportion to the injury of the roots, a balance is maintained. All injured roots should be cut off clean with a knife and the wounds of large roots should be painted over with some waterproof covering.

When trees are planted the roots should have a fine mellow bed of soil, which should be pressed firmly in contact with every fiber, leaving no air space around them, and all should be spread out in natural position. The soil should be pressed very firmly around all the roots, so that the new roots will be encouraged to make a rapid growth. If the soil in which the tree is planted is the same as the one from which it was taken, the tree should be set the same depth as it was before it was removed. If the soil is heavier, the tree should be shallower; if lighter, it should be placed deeper. The surface of the soil which is over the roots should be fine and light because the capillarity is then broken up and the moisture cannot escape.—W. H. Moore, in Farmers' Voice.

Muskmelon from Siberia.

It is reported that the department of agriculture has secured from Siberia seeds of a new muskmelon, which resembles a watermelon in color and appearance while growing, but does not ripen on the vines. Pick it and put it away as we do pears, and it will be eatable in the winter. One grower in Utah reported raising one which weighed 17 pounds, and was ripe and just fit for eating on January 10. They are said to succeed well in Utah and California on irrigated lands, but do not thrive well in the eastern states, but if they can grow there they should be profitable and they prove good, we may expect to see them here as a winter luxury. They ought to stand transportation well if shipped green.—American Cultivator.

Proper Use of Rollers.

To properly finish a dirt road made with the use of the grader, it should be thoroughly rolled and hardened. It is not sufficient that it be crowned, but it should be made hard and smooth. The same thing is true of gravel roads. This can be best accomplished with the use of rollers. Horse rollers weighing from five to eight tons are most frequently used for the purpose. All loose stones should be removed from the road surface before rolling, as well as soda, turf, leaves, sticks or any other matter that will tend to soften the road bed. A road that is thoroughly and repeatedly rolled is well fitted to stand the wear of travel, and can be made into a perfect watershed.

CONSUMPTION

never stops because the weather is warm.

Then why stop taking **SCOTT'S EMULSION** simply because it's summer? Keep taking it. It will heal your lungs, and make them strong for another winter.

See and feel all druggists.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Give the young orchard good cultivation until the tree comes into bearing.

In pruning the gooseberry and currant prune to secure a spreading, open head.

Powdered hellebore, either dry or in solution, is a sure remedy for the currant worm.

For all leaf-eaters the spray may be used as soon as the first leaves appear on the trees.

Newly set strawberry plants should not be allowed to bear fruit; pinch off the blossoms.

To propagate blackberries cut the roots into pieces two or three inches long and plant them.

There is no advantage in planting the tender varieties of vegetables until all danger of frost is past.

A little wood ashes around each strawberry plant will help in securing more and better fruit.

One of the best ways of destroying weeds on the lawn is by cutting off close and applying turpentine.

In nearly all cases it is best to leave the mulch on the strawberry bed until after the fruit has been harvested.

With blackberries and raspberries it is a good plan to give thorough cultivation during the early part of the season.

While clover cannot be excelled for seeding down an orchard, it should not be sown until the trees are in bearing.

By planting all small fruits in long rows the work of giving clean cultivation can be done much more economically.

Curled leaf in the peach is a disease of a fungus character. It develops usually after a cold spell, followed by a period of warm weather.

It is only in exceptional cases that it is advisable to keep trees or plants mulched all the time. In the spring it is often best to remove the mulch and cultivate.

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A Strong Fortification.

Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles. "The Fly-Wheel of Life"

Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col. Tutt's Liver Pills

BE SURE that your blood is rich and pure. The best blood purifier, enricher and vitalizer is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Be sure to GET HOOD'S.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

One gray mule, no marks, shod off left forefoot, other feet shod, 10 years old. Left town Tuesday, May 22. Finder will please return to Tom Love, Eddyville, Ky., and receive reward.

Notice.

I am bound to collect the accounts I have out. The matter cannot be delayed any longer. All persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle at once. I do not want to put anybody to any trouble, but you must arrange this matter. JESSE OLIVE.



Your Wife

Wants one very much, indeed. Possibly she won't say so to you in just so many words but you would make life happier for her if she had one.

And You Know It.

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Bring real happiness. They never cause any worry or trouble.

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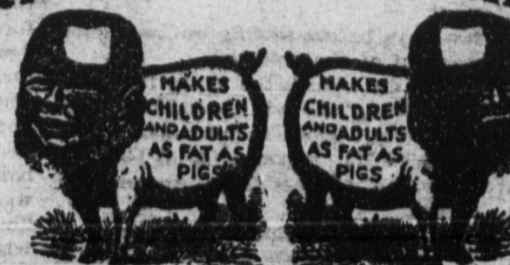
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Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

The formula is plainly printed on every bottle—hence you know just what you are taking when you take Grove's. Imitators do not advertise their formula knowing that you would not buy their medicine if you knew what it contained. Grove's contains Iron and Quinine put up in correct proportions and is in a Tasteless form. The Iron acts as a tonic while the Quinine drives the malaria out of the system. Any reliable druggist will tell you that Grove's is the Original and that all other so-called Tasteless Chill Tonics are imitations. An analysis of other chill tonics shows that Grove's is superior to all others in every respect. You are not experimenting when you take Grove's—its superiority and excellence having long been established. Grove's is the only Chill Cure sold throughout the entire material section of United States. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 15c.